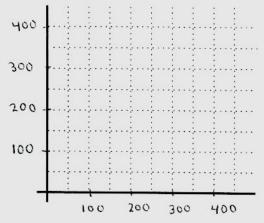
## M155 Exam 1 Spring 2006

- 1. (16 pts) The women's Olympic record for the 1500 m race in 1972 was 4 min. 1.4 s and in 1988 was 3 min. 53.9 s.
- a) Convert these times to seconds and find the equation of the line in slope-intercept form connecting these points.

## b) Graph the line.

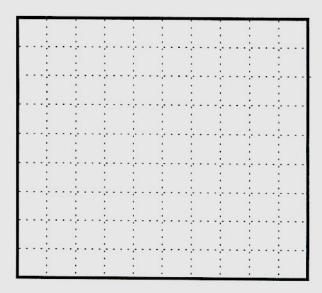


c) If things continue at this rate, when would the women finish in exactly no time?

- 2. (12 pts) A population of bacteria doubles every hour, but  $1.0\times10^6$  individuals are removed after reproduction to be converted into valuable biological by-products.
- a) Write a discrete-time dynamical system to describe the population.

b) Find the equilibrium solution.

c) Graph the updating function and cobweb from an initial population of  $b_0=2.0\times 10^6.$ 



- 3. (10 pts) Suppose the size of a population of bacteria at time t is given by b(t)=1.5t+6 where t is measured in hours.
- a) Find the average rate of change of the population between times t and  $t+\Delta t$ . Justify your answer.

b) Suppose t=2 and  $\Delta t=0.1$ . Find the equation of the secant line in slope-intercept form between times t and  $t+\Delta t$ .

4. (12 pts) The amount of  $C^{14}$  left t years after the death of an organism is given by

$$Q(t) = Q_0 e^{-0.000122t}$$

where  $Q_0$  is the amount left at the time of death. a) When will one tenth of the original amount of  $C^{14}$  be left in the remains?

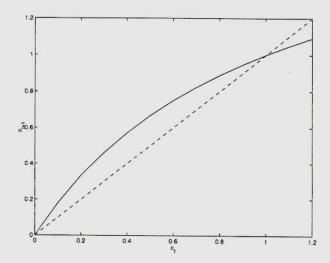
b) If  $2.5 \times 10^{-8}$  grams are present after 10,000 hours, how much  $C^{14}$  was originally present in the organism?

5. (14 pts) An organism is breathing a chemical that modifies the depth of its breaths. Suppose the discrete-time dynamical system for the concentration  $c_t$  of the chemical in the lung is

$$c_{t+1} = c_t - \frac{c_t^2}{c_t + 1} + \frac{c_t}{c_t + 1}$$

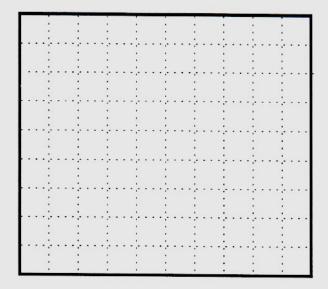
a) Find the equilibria. Show all of your work to receive credit. No points will be given for answers only.

b) Draw a cobweb diagram starting from the initial concentration  $c_0 = .4$ . What is the long-term concentration of the chemical in the lung?



6. (12pts) Accurately graph the updating function

$$V_{t+1} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}V_t + 2, & \text{if } V_t \le 4 \\ V_t - 1, & \text{if } V_t > 4 \end{cases}$$



b) Is the function continuous? Why or why not?

c) Find  $\lim_{V_t \to 3} V_{t+1}$ , if it exists.

7. (14 pts) a) Find the average rate of change of the function  $f(x) = 6x^2 + 3$  as a function of  $\Delta x$ .

b) Find the limit in your answer to part b as  $\Delta x \to 0$ .

c) What is the instantaneous rate of change of this function at x = 1?

 $8.\ (10\ \mathrm{pts})$  Find the following limits, if they exist. Show all of your work and justify your answers.

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} \sqrt{x} + 12$$

b) 
$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{2(x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2) - 2x^2}{\Delta x}$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{1}{(x-2)^2}$$