

**Math 155. Homework 4. Sections 1.10-2.2**

Do the following problems from the Adler text:

**1.10:** 14, 16, 28, 42

Also do the following problems.

1. Let  $V_t$  represent the voltage of the AV node in the Heart Model.

$$V_{t+1} = \begin{cases} e^{-\alpha\tau}V_t + u & \text{if } V_t \leq e^{\alpha\tau}V_c \\ e^{-\alpha\tau}V_t & \text{if } V_t > e^{\alpha\tau}V_c \end{cases}$$

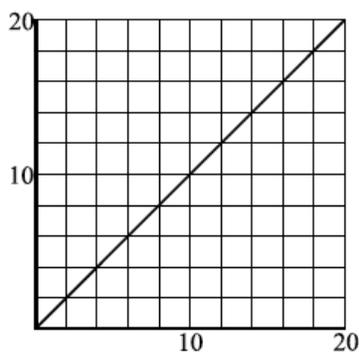
Let  $e^{-\alpha\tau} = \frac{1}{5}$ ,  $u = 10$ , and  $V_c = 2$ .

(a) If  $V_0 = 6$ , calculate  $V_1$ . Will the heart beat? Why or why not?

(b) Does this system have an equilibrium? If so, find it algebraically; if not, explain why not.

(c) Graph the updating function and cobweb from an initial value of  $V_0 = 6$  to determine if this heart is

i) healthy, ii) has a 2:1 block, or iii) has the Wenckebach phenomenon.

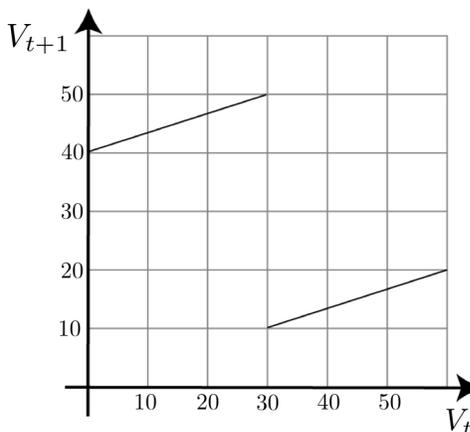
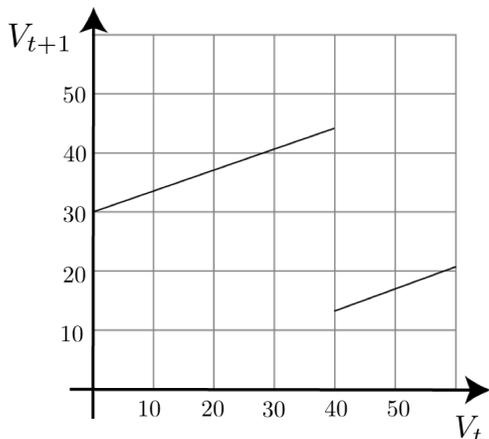


2. Let  $V_t$  represent the voltage at the AV node in the heart model

$$V_{t+1} = \begin{cases} e^{-\alpha\tau}V_t + u, & \text{if } V_t \leq e^{\alpha\tau}V_c \\ e^{-\alpha\tau}V_t, & \text{if } V_t > e^{\alpha\tau}V_c \end{cases}$$

(a) For each of the following two graphs of the updating function, cobweb starting from an initial value of  $V_0 = 10$ , and determine if the heart

i) is healthy, ii) has a 2:1 block, or iii) has the Wenckebach phenomenon.



(b) Now let  $e^{-\alpha\tau} = 0.25$ ,  $u = 10$ , and  $V_c = 14$ .

i) Does the system have an equilibrium? Justify your answer, and find the equilibrium if there is one.

ii) Recall that  $e^{-\alpha\tau} = 0.25$  determines the decay in voltage at the AV node between signals from the SA node. If  $\alpha = 0.75$ , calculate the time  $\tau$  between signals. Round to three decimal places.

**3.** Suppose that the population  $f(t)$  of a fungus as a function of time is given by  $f(t) = 3t^2 + 1$ .  
(a) Find a formula for the slope of the secant line to  $f(t)$  that passes through  $(2, 13)$  and  $(2 + \Delta t, f(2 + \Delta t))$ .

(b) Find a formula for the average rate of change of the fungus population between times 2 and  $2 + \Delta t$  as a function of  $\Delta t$ .

(c) What is the average rate of change in the fungus population between times  $t = 2$  and  $t = 2.2$ ?

(d) Find the limit as  $\Delta t \rightarrow 0$  of your formula in (b). What is the instantaneous rate of change of the fungus population at time  $t = 2$ ?

(e) Graph  $f(t)$  and indicate a graphical interpretation of the instantaneous rate of change at time  $t = 2$ .