

Homework

M472

Fall 2012

Important note: in this homework I use several times the words “smallest”, “largest”... anytime I do not specify which ordering relation I refer to I am implicitly assuming I am talking about inclusion!

Exercise 1. *If X is a set with exactly three points, describe all possible topologies you can put on X .*

Exercise 2. *Let X be a topological space, let $A \subseteq X$.*

- 1. Prove that the set of interior points of A is the largest open set contained in A . We call such set the **interior** of A .*
- 2. Prove that the union of A with set of limit points of A is the smallest closed set containing A . We call such set the **closure** of A .*
- 3. Prove that the complement of the interior of A equals the closure of the complement of A .*

Exercise 3. *Let X have the stupid topology, and $x \in X$. For what subsets of X is x :*

- an interior point?*
- a limit point?*

Exercise 4. *Let X be any set, and make it into a topological space by giving it the discrete topology. What is the smallest basis you can produce for this topology?*

Exercise 5. *Consider $X = Y = \mathbb{R}$ and the function $f : X \rightarrow Y$ given by $y = f(x) := [x]$ (y is the integer part of x , e.g. $f(2.4) = 2$) Recall that \mathbb{R} can be given a topology τ_1 by declaring open sets to be open half lines of the form $(-\infty, a)$, or it can be given a topology τ_2 by declaring open sets to be open half lines of the form (a, ∞) (and remember that in both cases you have to toss in the empty set and all of \mathbb{R} as well). Consider all for possible combinations of assigning a topology to X and to Y from τ_1 and τ_2 , and tell me when f is continuous and when it is not.*