

HW 2
Math 261, F19

Please see the course syllabus for details on how to turn in your homework assignments. This one is due at the beginning of your class on **Friday, September 13.**

1. (5 pts.) TRUE OR FALSE

- (a) A line and a plane in \mathbb{R}^3 always intersect in a point.
- (b) A line and a plane in \mathbb{R}^3 intersect in at most one point.
- (c) A plane P in \mathbb{R}^3 and a line in \mathbb{R}^3 not completely contained in P intersect in at most one point.
- (d) $\mathbf{r}_1(t) = \langle t, 2t, 3t \rangle$ and $\mathbf{r}_2(t) = \langle 1 - t, 2 - 2t, 3 - 3t \rangle$ are two parameterizations of the same line.
- (e) $\mathbf{r}_1(t) = \langle t, 0, 0 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{r}_2(t) = \langle 0, 0, t \rangle$ are two parameterizations of the same line.

2. (3 pts.) Determine the equation of the plane that passes through points $(0, 1, 0)$, $(-1, 0, 1)$, and $(0, -2, 1)$. Please give your answer in the form

$$\square x + \square y + \square z = 1.$$

3. (3 pts.) Fill in the blanks of the following parameterization of a line through the points $P_1 = (1, 1, 0)$ and $P_2 = (0, 3, 1)$:

$$\begin{cases} x = -1 + t \\ y = \square + \square t \\ z = \square + \square t \end{cases}$$

4. (3 pts.) The line given by the parameterization

$$\begin{cases} x = 1 + t \\ y = 3t \\ z = 2 - 2t \end{cases}$$

and the plane given by $x + 2y + z = 8$ intersect in a point. Find that point.

5. (3 pts.) Compute the derivative $\mathbf{r}'(t)$ of vector function $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle e^t, 3t^2 - 2t + 5, \sin(t) \rangle$.

6. (3 pts.) Suppose a particle moves according to the position function $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^3, t^2, 4t + 1 \rangle$. Determine the acceleration $\mathbf{a}(2)$ of the particle at $t = 2$.