**22)** We form a semidirect product  $P = N \rtimes S$  for the map  $\varphi: S \to \operatorname{Aut}(N)$ . Show that  $P = N \times T$  (then obviously  $T \cong S$ , but not necessarily T = S) if and only if  $\varphi(S) \leq \operatorname{Inn}(N)$ .

**23)** Let *V* be a vector space. We consider the set *L* of *lines* (that is subsets of *V* of the form  $\underline{\mathbf{a}} + \lambda \underline{\mathbf{b}}$  for  $\underline{\mathbf{a}}, 0 \neq \underline{\mathbf{b}} \in V$ . Two lines are parallel if their  $\underline{\mathbf{b}}$ -vectors are linearly dependent. We call A = (V, L) an *affine space*.

Let *G* be the group of all *affine transformations* of *V*, that is bijective maps  $A \rightarrow A$  that map lines to lines and preserve parallelity.

a) Let  $G \ge T = \{t_{\underline{a}} = (\underline{x} \mapsto \underline{x} + \underline{a}) \mid \underline{a} \in V\}$  be the set of *translations* and L = GL(V) the set of linear transformations of V. Show that  $T \triangleleft G$ ,  $L \le G$  and  $T \cap L = \langle 1 \rangle$ . b) Show that G is the semidirect product of T with L.

**24)** a) Let p > q prime such that  $p \not\equiv 1 \pmod{q}$ . Show that there is only one group of order pq up to isomorphism (namely the cyclic group).

b) Let p > q prime such that  $p \equiv 1 \pmod{q}$ . Show that there are (up to isomorphism) two groups of order pq, the cyclic group and a nonabelian semidirect product  $Z_p \rtimes Z_q$ .

c) Show that every group of order  $p^2$  (for p prime) is abelian. (**Hint:** Show that if G/Z(G) is cyclic, then G is abelian.)

This shows that  $Z_p \times Z_p$  and  $Z_{p^2}$  are the two groups of order  $p^2$ .

**25)** a) Let *G* be a nonabelian group of order 12. Show that *G* must be a semidirect product of a 2-Sylow subgroup with a 3-Sylow subgroup or vice versa.

b) Classify the possible (nonabelian) semidirect products of  $C_3$  with  $C_4$ .

c) Classify the possible (nonabelian) semidirect products of  $C_3$  with  $C_2 \times C_2$ .

d) Classify the possible (nonabelian) semidirect products of  $C_4$  with  $C_3$ .

e) Classify the possible (nonabelian) semidirect products of  $C_2 \times C_2$  with  $C_3$ .

f) Show that there are (up to isomorphism) three nonabelian groups of order 12.