

$$(A \cup B) \setminus (A \cap B) = (A \setminus B) \cup (B \setminus A)$$

Distrib.

$$((A \cup B) \cap (A \cap B)^c) = (A \cap (A \cap B)^c) \cup (B \cap (A \cap B)^c)$$

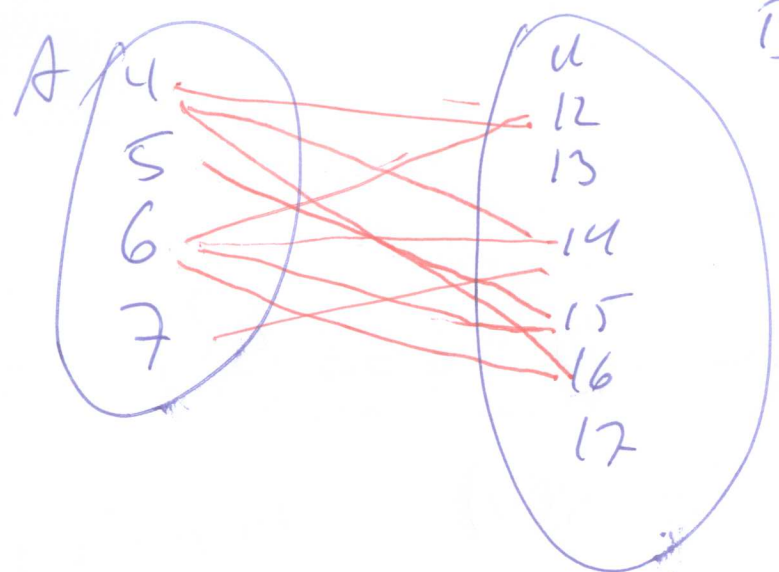
De Morgan

$$= (\cancel{(A \cap A^c)} \cup (A \cap B^c)) \cup (\cancel{(B \cap A^c)} \cup (B \cap B^c))$$

$\neq (A^c \cup B^c)$

$$= \underbrace{(A \cap B)}_{(A \setminus B)} \cup \underbrace{(B \cap A^c)}_{(B \setminus A)} = (A \setminus B) \cup (B \setminus A)$$

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B

$$R = \{(4,12), \dots\}$$

Function: Interpret relation (a,b) as fact: $a \mapsto b$
 exactly one pair for every a .

$x^2 - x + 2 = y$ Solve for x

$(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{4} + 2 = (x - \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{7}{4}$

$x = \sqrt{(y - \frac{7}{4})} + \frac{1}{2}$
 swap x/y

$y = \sqrt{(x - \frac{3}{4})} + \frac{1}{2}$

Composition of relations;

$$R \subseteq A \times B, \quad S \subseteq B \times C$$

$$S \circ R = \{ (a, c) \mid \underline{a R b}, b S c \text{ for some } b \in B \}$$

Functions:

$$b = R(a)$$

$$c = S(b)$$

unique b s.t.
 $b = R(a)$

$$\underline{S \circ R} = \{ (a, \underline{S(R(a))}) \}$$