

Key with answers

Name \_\_\_\_\_

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

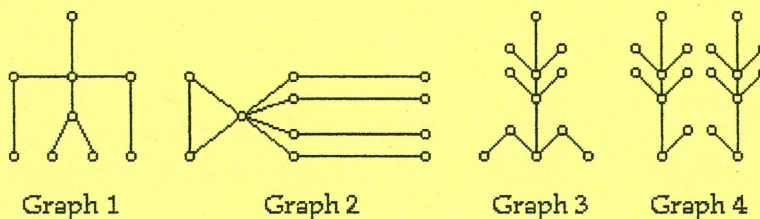
Solve the problem.

1) A tree is

- A) any graph that has no circuits.
- B) any graph with one component.
- C) any graph that has no bridges.
- D) any graph that is connected and has no circuits.
- E) none of these

1) D

2) Which of the following four graphs is a tree?



- A) Graph 1 and Graph 3
- B) Graph 2 and Graph 3
- C) Graph 2 and Graph 4
- D) Graph 1 and Graph 4
- E) none of these

2) A

3) The number of edges in a tree with 49 vertices is

- A) 48.
- B)  $2^{49}$ .
- C) 49.
- D) 50.
- E) none of these

$$\begin{aligned} \# \text{ of vertices} - 1 &= \# \text{ of edges} \\ 49 - 1 &= 48 \end{aligned}$$

3) A

4) The number of vertices in a tree with 57 edges is

- A)  $2^{57}$ .
- B) 57.
- C) 58.
- D) 56.
- E) none of these

$$\begin{aligned} \# \text{ of vertices} &= \# \text{ of edges} + 1 \\ 58 &= 57 + 1 \end{aligned}$$

4) C

5) Suppose T is a tree with 21 vertices. Then

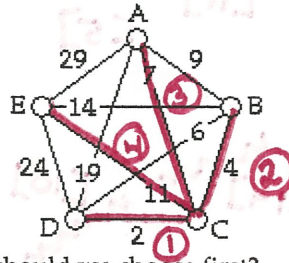
- A) T can have any number of bridges.
- B) T has 20 bridges.
- C) T has one bridge.
- D) T has no bridges.
- E) none of these

21 vertices  $\rightarrow$  20 edges  
In a tree, all edges are bridges  
 $\rightarrow$  20 bridges.

5) B



The question(s) that follow refer to the problem of finding the minimum spanning tree for the weighted network shown below.



6) Using Kruskal's algorithm, which edge should we choose first?

- A) AC
- B) BC
- C) CD
- D) BD
- E) none of these

Choose the cheapest edge first.

6) C

7) Using Kruskal's algorithm, which edge should we choose second?

- A) CD
- B) AC
- C) BD
- D) BC
- E) none of these

Choose the next cheapest edge.

7) D

8) Using Kruskal's algorithm, which edge should we choose third?

- A) CD
- B) AC
- C) BC
- D) BD
- E) none of these

etc...

8) B

9) Which of the following edges of the given network are not part of the minimum spanning tree?

- A) AC
- B) CD
- C) BD
- D) BC
- E) none of these

BD would make a circuit and trees do not have circuit!

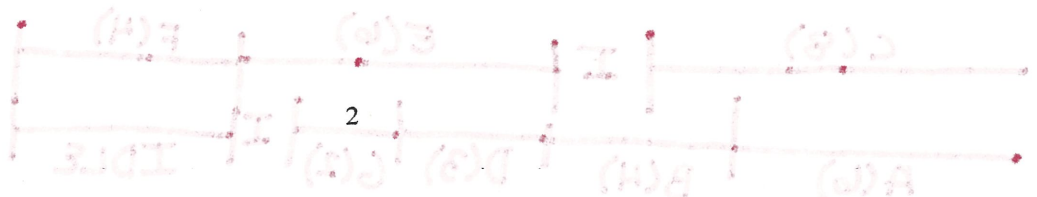
9) C

10) The total weight of the minimum spanning tree is

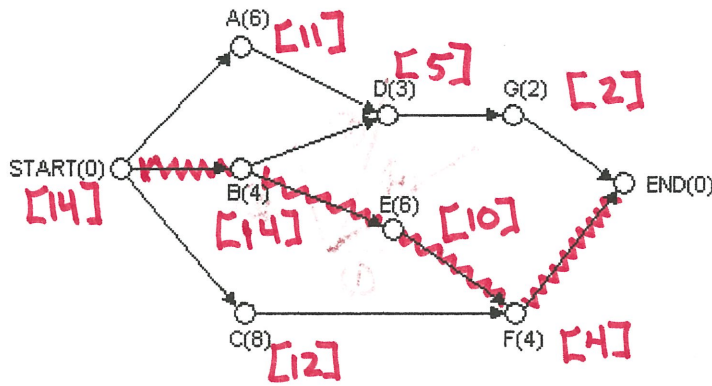
- A) 26
- B) 24
- C) 125
- D) 68
- E) none of these

$$2 + 4 + 7 + 11 = 24$$

10) B



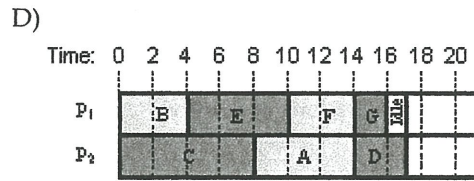
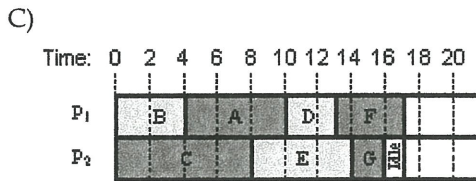
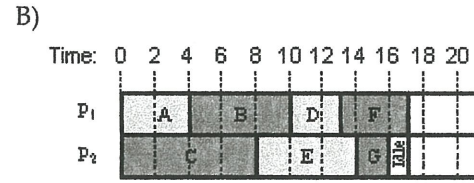
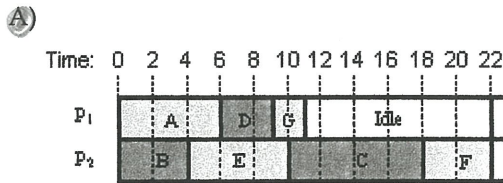
Suppose you have the following project digraph. (The numbers in parentheses represent hours.)



- 11) If we use the priority list ~~F, E, A, D, B, G, C~~ and the priority-list model to schedule this project with two processors, we should start by assigning 11) C
- task B to one processor, task C to the other one.
  - task A to one processor, task C to the other one.
  - task A to one processor, task B to the other one.
  - task B to one processor, task E to the other one.
  - none of these



- 12) If we use the priority list F, E, A, D, B, G, C and the priority-list model to schedule this project with two processors, the project timeline is 12) A

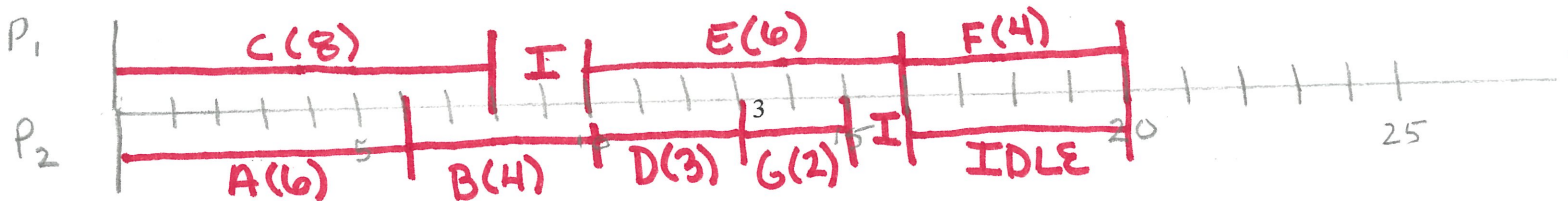


- 13) If we use decreasing-time algorithm to schedule this project with two processors, we should start by assigning 13) A
- task A to one processor, task C to the other one.
  - task B to one processor, task E to the other one.
  - task A to one processor, task B to the other one.
  - task B to one processor, task C to the other one.
  - none of these

look inside the ( )s for times. Put in decreasing order.  
 C(8), A(6), E(6), B(4), F(4), D(3), G(2)

- 14) Using the decreasing-time algorithm to schedule this project with two processors, the project finishing time is 14) B
- 18 hours.
  - 20 hours.
  - 17 hours.
  - 19 hours.
  - none of these

C, A, E, B, F, D, G



15) The length of the critical path of this project digraph is

- A) 11 hours.
- B) 16 hours.
- C) 14 hours.
- D) 12 hours.
- E) none of these

Look inside the [ ]s for the critical times.

15) C

16) If we use the **critical-path algorithm** to schedule this project with two processors, we should start by assigning

- A) task B to one processor, task C to the other one.
- B) task A to one processor, task C to the other one.
- C) task A to one processor, task B to the other one.
- D) task B to one processor, task E to the other one.
- E) none of these

→ this one

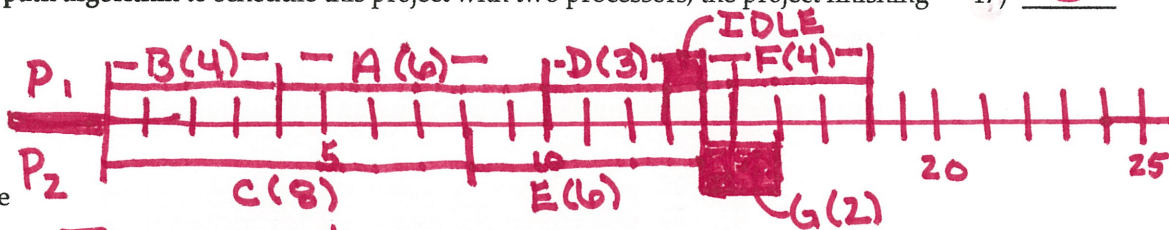
order the critical numbers in decreasing order.

~~B [4], C [12], A [1], E [6], D [5], F [4], G [2]~~

16) A

17) Using the **critical-path algorithm** to schedule this project with two processors, the project finishing time is

- A) 17 hours.
- B) 20 hours.
- C) 19 hours.
- D) 18 hours.
- E) none of these



I messed up. See below.

17) D

Solve the problem.

18) The data below gives the eye colors of 20 students in a Statistics class. Make a frequency table for the data.

green	blue	brown	blue	blue
brown	blue	blue	blue	green
blue	brown	blue	brown	brown
blue	brown	blue	blue	blue

- A) 

Color	Green	Brown	Blue
Frequency	2	6	12
- B) 

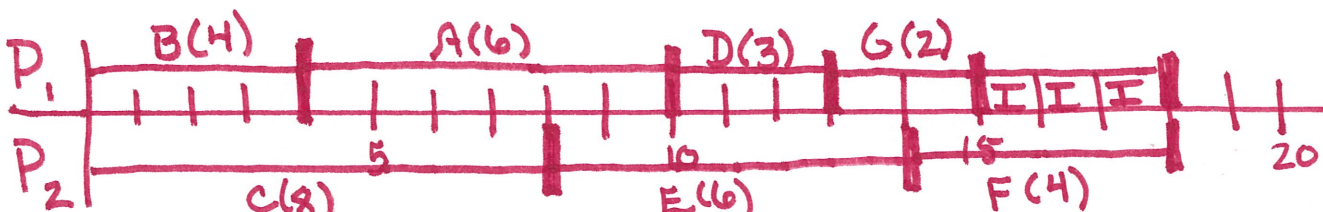
Color	Green	Brown	Blue
Percent	10%	30%	70%
- C) 

Color	Green	Brown	Blue
Frequency	6	12	2
- D) 

Color	Green	Brown	Blue
Frequency	2	8	20
- E) 

Color	Green	Brown	Blue
Frequency	6	2	12

B, C, A, E, D, F, G



This is better.

18) A

The table below shows the scores of a group of students on a 10 point multiple choice placement test.

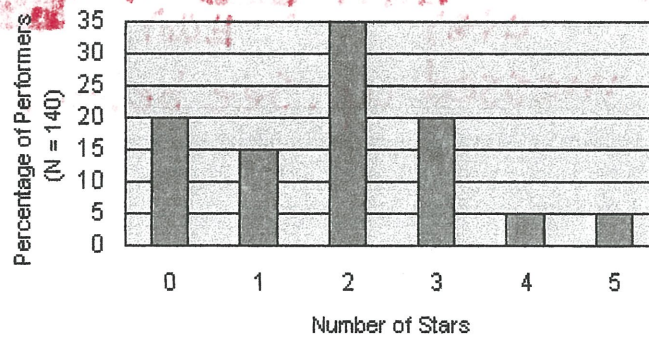
Exam Score	Frequency
3	5
4	3
5	5
6	2
7	7
8	6
9	1
10	1

19) The total number of students taking the test is

- A) 8.
- B) 180.
- C) 52.
- D) 30.
- E) none of these

19) D

The data in the figure below represents the number of stars earned by 140 performers in a talent competition.



20) How many performers earned 4 stars?

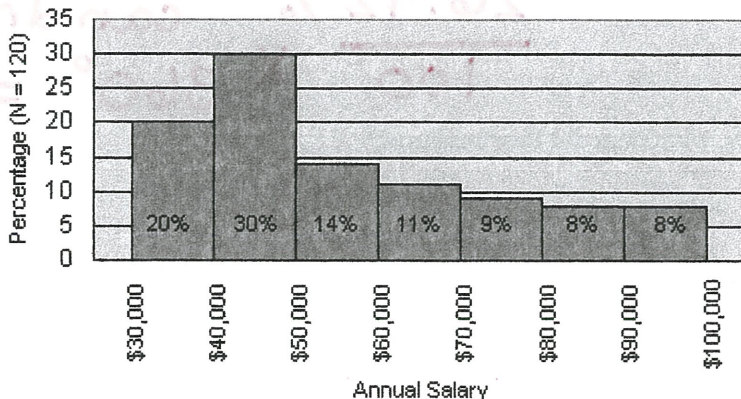
- A) 4
- B) 7
- C) 10
- D) 5
- E) none of these

20) B

$$5\% \text{ of } 140$$

$$\frac{5}{100} \times 140 = 7$$

The data in the figure below represents the annual salaries of 120 professional mathematicians.



21) The kind of graph shown above is called

- A) a frequency table.
- B) a histogram.
- C) a bar graph.
- D) a box plot.
- E) none of these

*Bar graph - no gaps.*

21) B

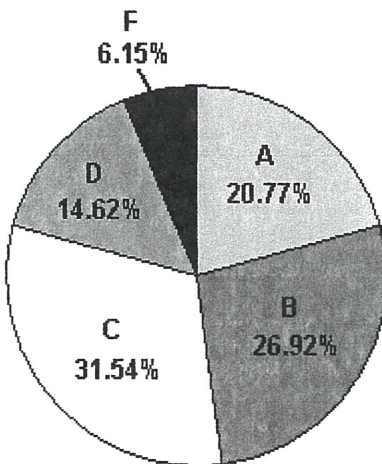
22) Approximately how many mathematicians make \$50,000 or more?

- A) 50
- B) 40
- C) 14
- D) 60
- E) none of these

*14%, 11%, 9%, 8%, 8%*  
*14 + 11 + 9 + 8 + 8 = 50%*  
*50% of 120 = 60*

22) D

The pie chart shown below represents the grades of 260 students in Professor Blackbeard's Stat 101 class.



N = 260

23) According to the chart, approximately how many students passed with a grade of 'C' or better?

- A) 206
- B) 32
- C) 82
- D) 79
- E) none of these

*31.54%*  
*26.92%*  
*20.77%*  


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*79.23%*

*79.23% of 260*  
 $\frac{79.23}{100} \times 260 = 205.998$

23) A

24) A good estimate for the number of degrees in the 'B' slice of the pie is

- A) 104°.
- B) 27°.
- C) 97°.
- D) 13°.
- E) none of these

$$\frac{26.92\%}{100} \times 360^\circ = 96.912$$

when you divide C  
by 100, you  
can drop the %

$$360^\circ = 96.912$$

25) In class last Thursday, what item did I try to return?

- A) A notebook
- B) A sweater
- C) A ring
- D) A graphing calculator

C