

Math 336 HW #2

Due 5:00 PM Tuesday, February 9

Presentations:

1. Prove that if $f : K \rightarrow K'$ is a Δ -map, then it induces a *continuous* map $|f| : |K| \rightarrow |K'|$.
2. Prove the second case of the proof that $f_{\#}$ is a chain map; that is, prove that if $f_{\#}\Delta_{\alpha} = 0$, then $\partial' f_{\#}\Delta_{\alpha} = f_{\#}\partial\Delta_{\alpha}$.

Problems:

1. Hatcher p. 131 Problem 8.
2. Hatcher p. 131 Problem 9.
3. Given a Δ -complex K , we can define the *cone of K* to be the Δ -complex CK defined by adding the following simplices to K : for every n -simplex $[v_0, \dots, v_n]$ in K , add a new $(n+1)$ -simplex $[v', v'_0, \dots, v'_n]$. Also add in a new 0-simplex $[v']$. To get the identifications, identify the face $[v'_0, \dots, v'_n]$ with $[v_0, \dots, v_n]$ and the face $[v', \dots, \widehat{v'_i}, \dots]$ with the new n -simplex derived from the face $[v_0, \dots, \widehat{v_i}, \dots]$ of $[v_0, \dots, v_n]$.
 - (a) Explicitly enumerate the simplices and identifications for the cone on a Δ -complex K with 2 simplices of maximal dimension. Draw pictures!
 - (b) Compute the simplicial homology of CK for any Δ -complex K .
4. Prove the classification of finitely generated abelian groups using Smith Normal Form and the fact that every subgroup of a finitely generated free abelian group is also a finitely generated free abelian group. The form of the classification theorem that you should prove is that every finitely generated abelian group is isomorphic to exactly one of the groups

$$\mathbb{Z}^n \oplus \mathbb{Z}/d_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \mathbb{Z}/d_k,$$

where $d_1 | d_2 | \dots | d_k$.

5.
 - (a) Find Δ -complexes K and K' such that $|K| \simeq S^2$, $|K'| \simeq \mathbb{R}P^2$, and there exists a 2-to-1 Δ -map $f : K \rightarrow K'$.
 - (b) Find Δ -complexes K and K' such that $|K| \simeq S^2 \simeq |K'|$ and a Δ -map $g : K \rightarrow K'$ such that g_* is multiplication by n in dimension 2 (thinking of g_* as a map $g_* : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$).