## MATH 651: Optimization I

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## Homework assignment 7 – due Thursday 11/05/2009

**Problem 1 (Lagrange multipliers, part 1).** Consider the following minimization problem over  $x = (x_1, x_2)^T \in \mathbb{R}^2$ :

$$\min_{x} x_{2}^{2}$$

$$x_{2} - x_{1}^{3} = 0.$$

Answer the following questions: (i) Does it have a solution? (ii) Is the solution unique? (iii) Do the LICQ conditions hold? (iv) Can we derive necessary conditions for the solution that contain a Lagrange multiplier, and if so how do they look? (v) What is the solution to the problem above, and what is the value of the Lagrange multiplier if one exists? (4 points)

**Problem 2 (Lagrange multipliers, part 2).** In the previous problem, the constraint was that  $x_2 = x_1^3$ , which traces a cubic curve in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  on which the solution must lie. Consider the following variant where instead we take  $x_2^2 = x_1^6$  as constraint:

$$\min_{x} x_{2}^{2}$$

$$x_{2}^{2} - x_{1}^{6} = 0.$$

Describe the constraint geometrically. Answer the same questions as in the previous problem. What changed? (4 points)

Problem 3 (Lagrange multipliers, part 3). Consider the following problem

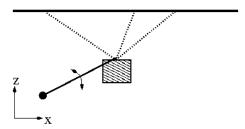
$$\min_{x} x_{2}$$

$$x_{2}^{2} + (x_{1} - a)^{2} - 1 = 0,$$

$$x_{2}^{2} + (x_{1} + a)^{2} - 1 = 0.$$

For what values of a does this problem have no, one, two, or infinitely many feasible points? If there exist feasible points, for what values of a are the LICQ conditions satisfied? If the LICQ conditions are not satisfied but feasible points exist, does the problem still have a minimum, and if so where is it? For all values of a state the global minimum of this problem. (3 points)

**Problem 4 (A modeling exercise, revisited once more).** Consider the following system of three springs suspended from the ceiling at positions  $(x, z) = (-20 \,\mathrm{cm}, 0 \,\mathrm{cm})$ ,  $(5 \,\mathrm{cm}, 0 \,\mathrm{cm})$  and  $(15 \,\mathrm{cm}, 0 \,\mathrm{cm})$  and a rod of fixed length 20 cm that is attached at one end at  $(-25 \,\mathrm{cm}, -20 \,\mathrm{cm})$  and at the other end to the same point where the springs meet each other:



Each spring has a rest length of  $L_0=20 \,\mathrm{cm}$ , and extending (or compressing) spring  $i,i=1\ldots 3$  to a length  $L_i$  requires an energy of  $E_{\mathrm{spring},i}=\frac{1}{2}D(L_i-L_0)^2$  where the spring constant for all three springs equals  $D=300 \,\mathrm{m}$ . On the other hand, the potential energy of the body is  $E_{\mathrm{pot}}=mgz$  where the body's mass is  $m=500 \,\mathrm{g}$ , the gravity constant is  $g=9.81 \,\mathrm{m}/2$ , and z is the vertical coordinate of the body's position.

Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to derive necessary conditions for the solution of this problem. Solve this system of nonlinear equations using Newton's method. In your answer, show this location, the value of the total energy function at this location, and the value of the Lagrange multiplier. Is there only a single minimum to the constrained problem?

(6 points)

If you have comments on the way I teach – in particular suggestions how I can do things better, if I should do more or less examples, powerpoint slides vs whiteboard, etc – or on other things you would like to critique, feel free to hand those in with your homework as well. I want to make this as good a class as possible, and all comments are certainly much appreciated!