

Nov 13

Note Title

11/13/2009

$$a \leq b$$

$$-a \geq -b$$

$$- \sup(S) = \inf(-S)$$

$$- \overline{S}(f, P) = \underline{S}(-f, P)$$

$$\overline{I}_a^h(f) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \overline{S}(f, P_n)$$

$$- \overline{I}_a^h(f) = \underline{I}_a^b(-f)$$

Thm

$f, g: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , bdd.

$$a) \overline{I}_a^b(f+g)$$

$$\leq \overline{I}_a^h(f) + \overline{I}_a^b(g)$$

$$\underline{I}_a^b(f+g) \geq \underline{I}_a^b(f) + \underline{I}_a^h(g)$$

$$\text{b) If } c > 0, \\ \overline{I}_a^b(cf) = c \overline{I}_a^b(f)$$

$$\text{If } c < 0 \\ \underline{I}_a^b(cf) = c \underline{I}_a^b(f).$$

pf

$$\text{a) } S \subseteq [a, b] \\ \sup (f(x) + g(x) : x \in S) \\ \leq \sup (f(x) : x \in S) \\ + \\ \sup (g(x) : x \in S).$$

$\Rightarrow \forall P$

$$\overline{S}(f+g, P) \leq \overline{S}(f, P) + \overline{S}(g, P).$$

$$\overline{I}_a^b(f+g) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \overline{S}(f+g, P_n)$$

$$\leq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\overline{S}(f, P_n) + \overline{S}(g, P_n))$$

$$= \underline{I}_a^b(f) + \underline{I}_a^b(g).$$

$$b) \quad c > 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \sup(cS) = c \sup(S).$$

$$\Rightarrow \int (cf, P) = c \int (f, P).$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_a^b (cf) &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int (cf, P_n) \\ &= c \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int (f, P_n) \\ &= c \int_a^b (f) \end{aligned}$$

Cor  $\int f, g : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$f, g$  are  $\mathbb{R}$ -val. then

$$\int_a^b (f+g) = \int_a^b f + \int_a^b g$$

$\forall c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$\int_a^b (cf) = c \int_a^b f.$$

Prf

$$\int (f+g) \leq \int f + \int g$$

$$\int (f+g) \geq \int f + \int g$$

$$\Rightarrow \int (f+g) = \int f + \int g.$$

as  $\overline{\int} \geq \underline{\int}$  always,

$$+ \int_a^b (f+g) = \int_a^b f + \int_a^b g$$

$c > 0$

$$\overline{\int} (cf) = c \overline{\int} f$$

$$\underline{\int} (cf) = - \overline{\int} (c(-f))$$

$$= -c \overline{\int} (-f) = c \underline{\int} f$$

$$\overline{\int} (cf) = \underline{\int} (cf)$$

+  $cf$  is int.

$$\int_a^b cf = \overline{\int} (cf) = c \overline{\int} f$$

$$= c \int_a^b f$$

$c < 0$

$$\overline{\int} (cf) = c \underline{\int} f$$

$$\underline{\int} (cf) = c \overline{\int} f$$

so  $cf$  is int.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_a^b cf &= c \int_a^b f \\
 c=0 & \left| \int_a^b 0 \cdot f = \int_a^b 0 = 0 \right. \\
 &= 0 \cdot \int_a^b f = c \int_a^b f
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx$$

Thm If  $f \geq g$  on  $[a, b]$

& both are bounded

then  $\int_a^b f \geq \int_a^b g$

&  $\int_a^b f \geq \int_a^b g$

& if  $\int_a^b f < \int_a^b g$  then

P  $f$  if  $f \geq g$  on  $[a, b]$

$\wedge S \subseteq [a, b]$

then  $\sup\{f(x) : x \in S\}$   
 $\geq \sup\{g(x) : x \in S\}$

$\wedge \inf\{f(x) : x \in S\}$   
 $\geq \inf\{g(x) : x \in S\}$ .

$\Rightarrow \forall P$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \overline{S}(f, P) &\geq \overline{S}(g, P) \\ \rightarrow \underline{S}(f, P) &\geq \underline{S}(g, P) \end{aligned}$$

Take limits for

$$\underline{P}_n$$

Defn:  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

$$f^+(x) = \begin{cases} f(x), & \text{if } f(x) \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$f^-(x) = \begin{cases} -f(x) & \text{if } f(x) \leq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Note:

$$f(x) = f^+(x) - f^-(x)$$

$$|f(x)| = f^+(x) + f^-(x)$$

Lemma For  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $P$  a part,

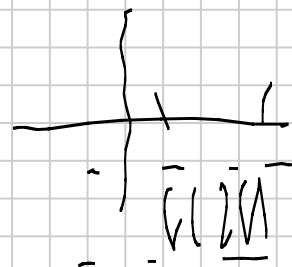
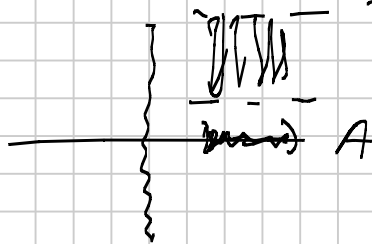
$$\overline{\int}(f, P) - \underline{\int}(f, P)$$

$$\geq \overline{\int}(f^+, P) - \underline{\int}(f^+, P)$$

+ similarly for  $f^-$ .

Proof Suppose  
 $A \subseteq [a, b]$

$$\sup\{f(x) : x \in A\} - \inf\{f(x) : x \in A\}$$
$$\geq \sup\{f^+(x) : x \in A\} - \inf\{f^-(x) : x \in A\}.$$





$$\Rightarrow \overline{S}(f, P) - \underline{S}(f, P) \\ \cong \overline{S}(f^+, P) - \underline{S}(f^+, P).$$

Cor.  $\overline{I}(f) - \underline{I}(f) \\ \cong \overline{I}(f^+) - \underline{I}(f^+).$

$f^+$  is  $R$ -int.   
 so is  $f^+$ .

$$f^- = (-f)^+ \\ \text{so is } f^- \text{ is } R\text{-int.}$$

Cor  $\overline{I} f$  is  $R$ -int.   
 so is  $|f|$   $\dagger$

$$\left| \int_a^b f \right| \leq \int_a^b |f|$$

$\dagger$   $|f| = f^+ + f^-$



$$\begin{aligned}\int |f| &= \int f^+ + \int f^- \\ &= |\int f^+| + |\int f^-| \\ &= |\int f^+| + |-\int f^-| \\ &= (\int f^+) + (\int -f^-) \\ &\cong |\int f^+ + \int -f^-| \\ &= |\int (f^+ - f^-)| \\ &= \underline{\int f}\end{aligned}$$