17) Let $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}=\{a \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \geq 0\}$ be the set of nonnegative real numbers. For each of the following functions determine whether the function is one-to-one, and whether it is onto. (It might be helpful to sketch the function, e.g. by using www.desmos.org.) Justify your answer.:
a) $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto|x|$ (absolut value)
b) $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}, x \mapsto|x|$
c) $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto x^{3}-3 x^{2}+1$
d) $f: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto \frac{1}{x+1}$.
e) For $A=\mathbb{R} \backslash\{0\}$ let $f: A \rightarrow A, x \mapsto \frac{1}{x}$.
18) For $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ as in problem 17 , let $f: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}, x \mapsto(x+2)^{2}-4$. Show that the function is one-to-one and onto, and find the inverse function.
Hint: You might find it easiest to find the inverse first and use its existence to show the properties.

You are explicitly forbidden to share course material with people outside the class, or with any websites that allow such access. This includes "homework help" sites or "test/homework data banks".

