

## Homework 7

Due Friday, October 13 at the beginning of class

### Reading.

Finish reading Chapter 7.

### Problems.

1. Suppose  $f, g: S^n \rightarrow S^n$  are continuous maps such that  $f(x) \neq -g(x)$  for any  $x \in S^n$ . Prove that  $f$  and  $g$  are homotopic.

*Hint: As an easier case, what if we instead had  $f, g: S^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus \{\vec{0}\}$  with the line segment from  $f(x)$  to  $g(x)$  not passing through the origin for all  $x \in S^n$ ? Can you modify a proof of this easier case to handle the problem above where  $f, g: S^n \rightarrow S^n$  with  $f(x) \neq -g(x)$ ?*

2. Let  $X$  be a topological space and let  $g$  be a path in  $X$  from  $p$  to  $q$ . Let  $\Phi_g: \pi_1(X, p) \rightarrow \pi_1(X, q)$  denote the group isomorphism defined in Theorem 7.13.

If  $h: X \rightarrow Y$  is continuous, then show that the following diagram commutes:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \pi_1(X, p) & \xrightarrow{h_*} & \pi_1(Y, h(p)) \\ \downarrow \Phi_g & & \downarrow \Phi_{h \circ g} \\ \pi_1(X, q) & \xrightarrow{h_*} & \pi_1(Y, h(q)) \end{array}$$

3. Let  $X$  be a path-connected topological space, and let  $p, q \in X$ . Show that  $\pi_1(X, p)$  is abelian if and only if for any two paths  $g, g'$  from  $p$  to  $q$  in  $X$ , we have  $\Phi_g = \Phi_{g'}$  (as isomorphisms from  $\pi_1(X, p)$  to  $\pi_1(X, q)$ ).
4. Let  $F: C \rightarrow D$  be a (covariant) functor from category  $C$  to category  $D$ . Prove that if  $X, Y \in \text{Obj}(C)$  are isomorphic objects in  $C$ , then  $F(X), F(Y)$  are isomorphic objects in  $D$ .

*Remark: This is essentially Theorem 7.51 in our book; I'm not asking you to quote this theorem.*

5. Let  $X$  be a topological space. Prove that the following statements are equivalent:
  - (i)  $X$  is compact.
  - (ii) For every collection  $\{C_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$  of closed subsets of  $X$  with  $\bigcap_{\alpha \in A} C_\alpha = \emptyset$ , there is a finite subcollection  $\{C_{\alpha_1}, \dots, C_{\alpha_n}\}$  with  $C_{\alpha_1} \cap \dots \cap C_{\alpha_n} = \emptyset$ .