

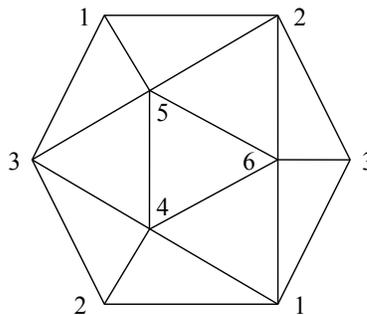
## Homework 12

Due Friday, December 1 at the beginning of class

**Reading.** Read Chapter 13 pages 339-351, 355-356 (statement of Mayer-Vietoris Theorem), and 364-368 (Homology of Spheres and Degree Theory for Spheres).

**Problems.**

- Let  $X$  be the 2-dimensional simplicial complex with ten 2-simplices drawn below; recall that  $X$  is homeomorphic to the projective plane  $\mathbb{RP}^2$ .



Show that the 2-dimensional simplicial homology group of  $X$  is  $H_2(X) \cong 0$ .

- Prove Proposition 13.5 in our book: If  $X$  is a space,  $\{X_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$  is the set of path components of  $X$ , and  $\iota_\alpha: X_\alpha \hookrightarrow X$  is the corresponding inclusion, then for each  $p \geq 0$  the map  $\bigoplus_{\alpha \in A} H_p(X_\alpha) \rightarrow H_p(X)$  whose restriction to singular homology group  $H_p(X_\alpha)$  is  $(\iota_\alpha)_*: H_p(X_\alpha) \rightarrow H_p(X)$  is an isomorphism. Proceed by the following steps.
  - Show the maps  $(\iota_\alpha)_\#: C_p(X_\alpha) \rightarrow C_p(X)$  give an isomorphism  $g_C: \bigoplus_{\alpha \in A} C_p(X_\alpha) \rightarrow C_p(X)$ , defined by  $g_C((c_\alpha)_{\alpha \in A}) = \sum_{\alpha} (\iota_\alpha)_\#(c_\alpha)$ , where  $c_\alpha \in C_p(X_\alpha)$ . Injectivity is clear, and the first sentence of the proof in our book implies surjectivity.
  - Show that restricting  $g_C$  gives an isomorphism  $g_Z: \bigoplus_{\alpha \in A} Z_p(X_\alpha) \rightarrow Z_p(X)$ . The injectivity of  $g_Z$  follows from that of  $g_C$ ; you need to show that  $g_Z$  is well-defined and surjective.
  - Show that restricting  $g_C$  gives an isomorphism  $g_B: \bigoplus_{\alpha \in A} B_p(X_\alpha) \rightarrow B_p(X)$ . The injectivity of  $g_B$  follows from that of  $g_C$ ; you need to show that  $g_B$  is well-defined and surjective.
  - Deduce that  $g_C$  induces an isomorphism  $\bigoplus_{\alpha \in A} H_p(X_\alpha) \rightarrow H_p(X)$ .

3. Prove Proposition 13.6: For any topological space  $X$ , the singular homology group  $H_0(X)$  is a free abelian group with basis consisting of an arbitrary point in each path component.

*Remark: Our book contains a detailed proof; you can learn and use this proof!*

4. Use the Mayer-Vietoris Theorem to prove Theorem 13.23: For  $n \geq 1$ , the singular homology groups of the sphere  $S^n$  are

$$H_p(S^n) \cong \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z} & \text{if } p = 0 \text{ or } n \\ 0 & \text{if } 0 < p < n \text{ or } p > n. \end{cases}$$

*Remark: Our book contains a detailed proof; you can learn and use this proof!*