

Bridging applied and quantitative topology

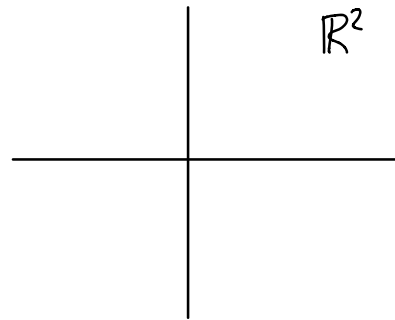


Henry Adams, Colorado State University

Filling radius

X a metric space

Kuratowski embedding $X \hookrightarrow L^\infty(X)$
 $x \mapsto$

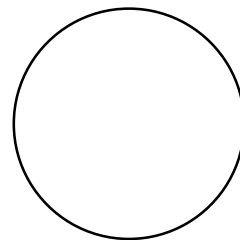
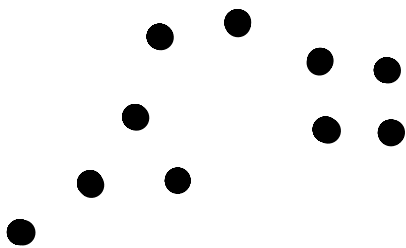


Def The filling radius of manifold M^n is the infimum r such that $M \hookrightarrow B_{L^\infty(M)}(M; r)$ induces a map on n -dimensional homology killing the (nonzero) fundamental class.

Lim, Ménéti, Okutan, 2020, "Vietoris-Rips persistent homology, injective metric spaces, and the filling radius"

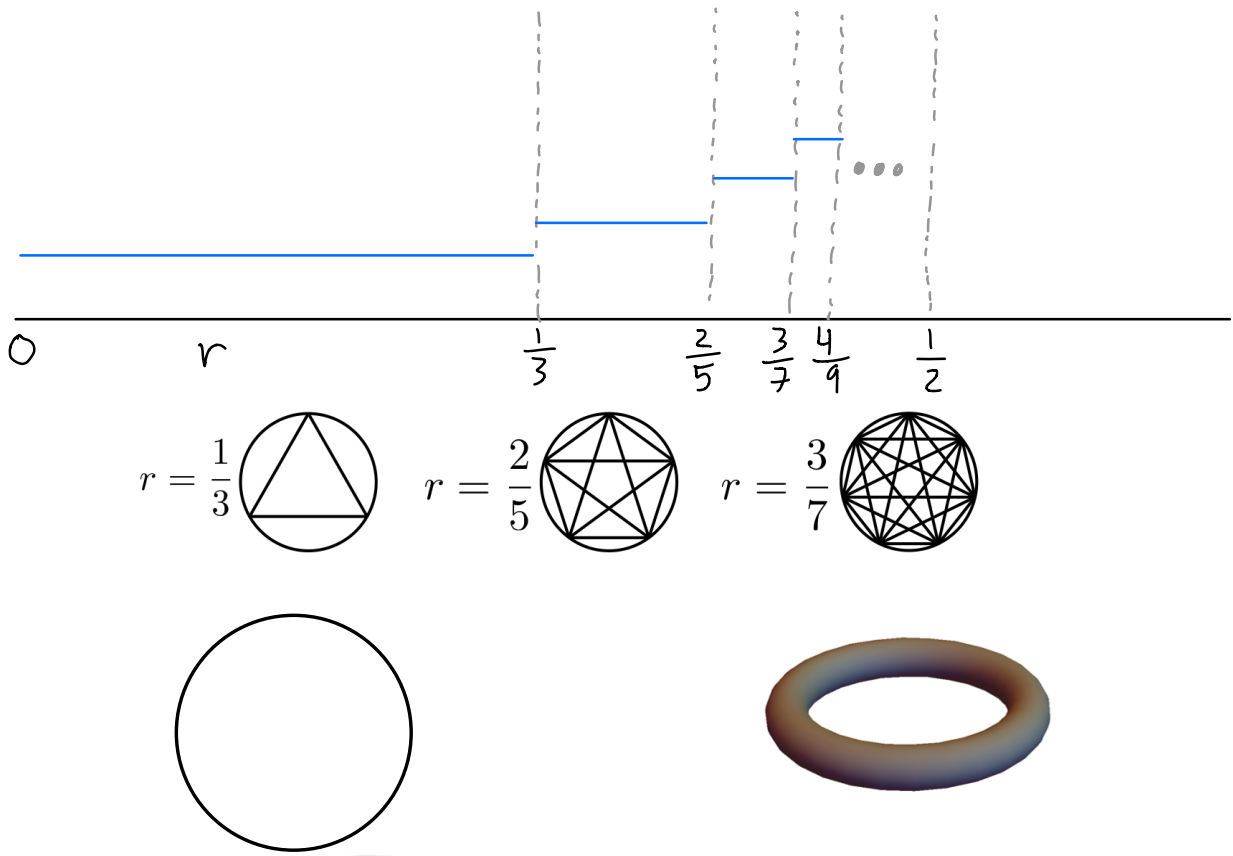
Thm For X a metric space, $B_{L^\infty(X)}(X; \frac{r}{2}) \simeq$.

Def For X a metric space and $r > 0$, the Vietoris-Rips simplicial complex has vertex set X and σ as a simplex if $\text{diam}(\sigma) \leq r$.



Adamaszek, A, 2017, "The Vietoris-Rips complexes of a circle"

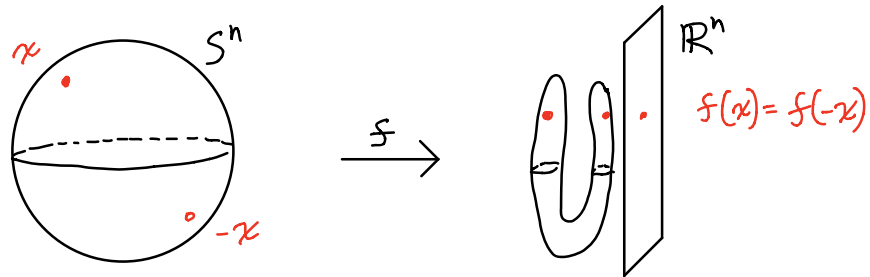
S^1 is circle with geodesic metric, unit circumference.
Thm $VR(S^1; r) \simeq$



Katz, 1991, "On neighborhoods of the Kuratowski imbedding beyond the first extremum of the diameter functional"

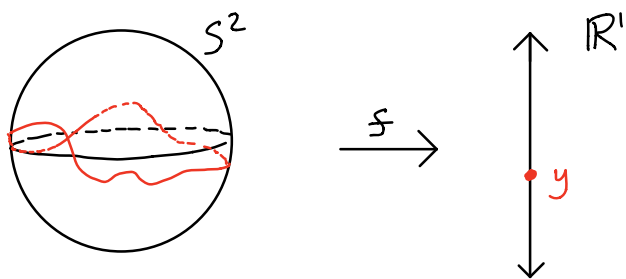
Thm $B_{L^\infty(X)}(S^1; \frac{r}{2}) \simeq \begin{cases} S^1 & 0 < r < \frac{1}{3} \\ S^3 & \frac{1}{3} < r < \frac{2}{5} \end{cases}$

Borsuk-Ulam Theorem



Given $f: S^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$, $\exists x \in S^n$ with $f(x) = f(-x)$.

- What about $S^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$ with $k \leq n$?



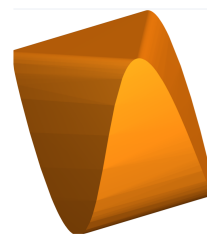
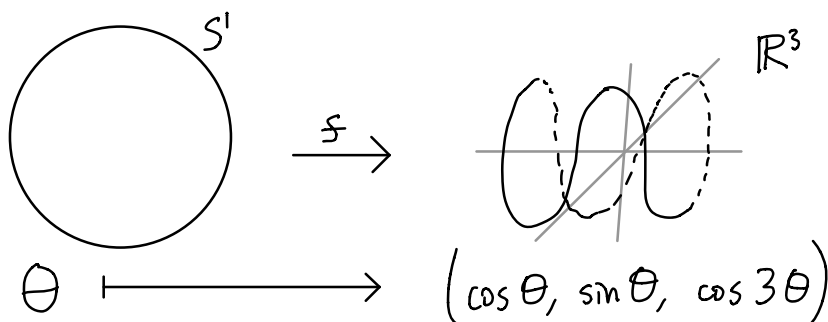
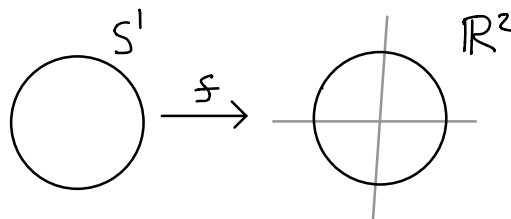
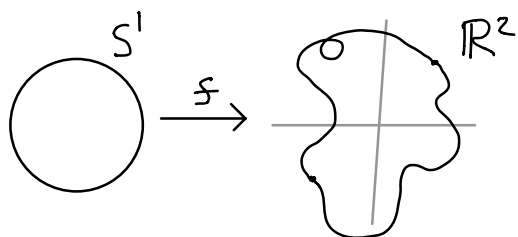
Gromov's Waist Inequality For $f: S^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$ with $k \leq n$,
 $\exists y \in \mathbb{R}^k$ with $\text{Vol}_{n-k}(f^{-1}(y)) \geq \dots$

Remark Implies invariance of dimension: $\mathbb{R}^k \cong \mathbb{R}^{k'} \iff k = k'$.

Proof Almgren: 100 pages of geometric measure theory
 Gromov: The filling radius, or characteristic classes.

- What about $f: S^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$ with $k \geq n$?

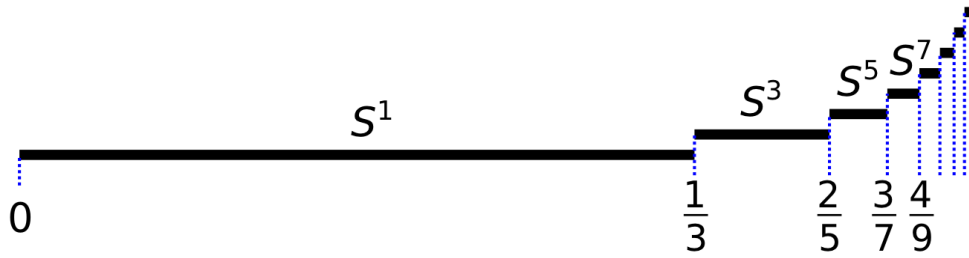
A, Bush, Frick, 2020, "Metric thickenings, Borsuk-Ulam theorems, and orbitopes"



Thm For $f: S^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2k+1}$, $\exists X \subset S^1$ of diameter at most $\frac{k}{2k+1}$ such that $\text{conv}(f(X)) \cap \text{conv}(f(-X)) \neq \emptyset$.

Proof $S^1 \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{R}^{2k+1}$ induces

$$S^{2k+1} \simeq \text{VR}(S^1; \frac{k}{2k+1}) \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{R}^{2k+1}$$

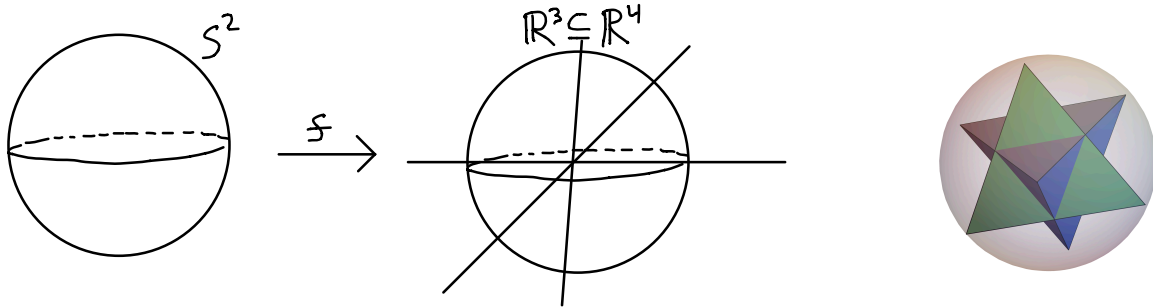


Sharpness of diameter bound

$$S^1 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2k} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{2k+1}$$

$$\theta \longmapsto (\cos \theta, \sin \theta, \cos 3\theta, \sin 3\theta, \cos 5\theta, \sin 5\theta, \dots)$$

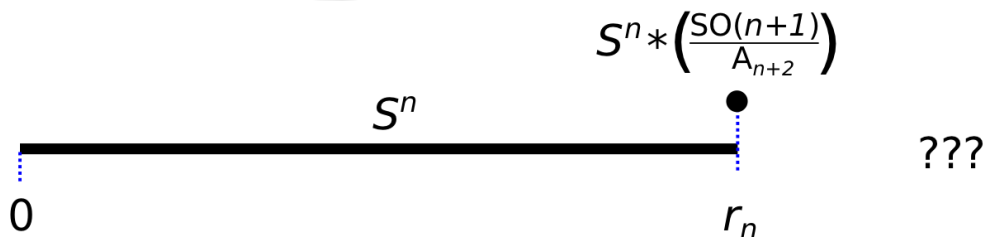
Thm For $f: S^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n+2}$, $\exists X \subset S^n$ of diameter at most r_n such that $\text{conv}(f(X)) \cap \text{conv}(f(-X)) \neq \emptyset$.



Proof

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S^n & \xrightarrow{f} & \mathbb{R}^{n+2} \\ \text{VR } (S^n; r_n) & \xrightarrow{f} & \mathbb{R}^{n+2} \end{array} \quad \text{induces}$$

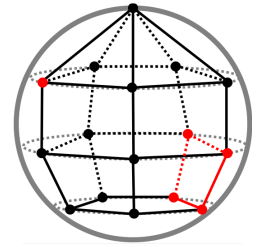
Adamaszek, A, Frick, 2018, "Metric reconstruction via optimal transport"



Katz, 1991, "On neighborhoods of the Kuratowski imbedding beyond the first extremum of the diameter functional"

Thm $B_{L^\infty(X)}(S^2; \frac{r}{2}) \simeq$ first S^2 , then $S^2 * \frac{SO(3)}{A_4}$

Questions



- Homotopy types of $VR(S^n; r)$ for larger r ?
- Other connections between applied and quantitative topology?
- Are there connections between Optimal transport, flat norm, filling radius?
- Relations between thickenings
 $X \hookrightarrow B_{L^\infty(X)}(X; \frac{r}{2})$
 $X \hookrightarrow VR^m(X; r)$?
- Čech complex connections to quantitative topology?