
Homework 4
Due: Friday, February 17

1. [GW]3.5.
2. [GW]3.6.
3. [GW]3.7.
4. Let G be a finite group which acts on a ring A . (Note that G then acts on $\text{Spec } A$, as well.) Let A^G be the ring of G -invariants:

$$A^G = \{a \in A : \forall \sigma \in G, a^\sigma = a\}.$$

The inclusion $A^G \hookrightarrow A$ induces a morphism of affine schemes $\omega : \text{Spec } A \rightarrow \text{Spec } A^G$.

- (a) Show that A is integral over A^G . (HINT: If $a \in A$, consider $P_a(T) = \prod_{\sigma \in G} (T - a^\sigma)$.)
 - (b) Show that $\omega : \text{Spec } A \rightarrow \text{Spec } A^G$ is surjective. (HINT: Use the going-up theorem used on HW12 last semester.)
 - (c) Suppose $\omega([q]) = \omega([\tau])$. Show that $q = \tau^\sigma$ for some $\sigma \in G$. If you like, you may proceed as follows:
 - i. Explain why $q \cap A^G = \tau \cap A^G =: \mathfrak{p}$.
 - ii. Choose some $a \in q$. Show that $\prod_{\sigma \in G} a^\sigma \in \mathfrak{p}$.
 - iii. Show there is some $\tau \in G$ such that $a^\tau \in \tau$.
 - iv. Use the prime avoidance lemma to show that $\tau = q^\sigma$ for some $\sigma \in G$.
 - (d) Conversely, suppose $q = \tau^\sigma$ for some σ . Show that $\omega([q]) = \omega([\tau])$.
5. *These parts are essentially unrelated, but neither is very difficult.*
- (a) Suppose that W is a subscheme of X . Explain why, for any field K , there is an inclusion of sets $W(K) \hookrightarrow X(K)$.
 - (b) Consider $X = \text{Spec}(\mathbb{F}_{p^r})$ (as a scheme over $\text{Spec } \mathbb{F}_p$). What is $\#X(\mathbb{F}_{p^m})$? (HINT: The answer depends on whether $r \mid m$.)