
Homework 2
Due: Friday, February 6

You might not be able to do many of these until after class on Monday, February 2.

1. Consider the affine curve

$$E_0 : y^2 = x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c.$$

- (a) Find an equation (i.e., homogeneous polynomial in X, Y and Z) for its projective closure, E .
(b) Find an equation for E in a neighborhood of $\mathcal{O} := [0, 1, 0]$. (HINT: *Dehomogenize on Y .*)

Extra : Show that E is smooth at \mathcal{O} .

2. We work with the affine curve $C : y^2 - x^3 + x^2$ over \mathbb{Q} and the points $P = (0, 0)$ and $Q = (2, 2)$. Set

$$A = \frac{\mathbb{Q}[x, y]}{y^2 + x^3 - x^2}$$
$$\mathfrak{m}_P = (x, y)A \subset A$$
$$\mathfrak{m}_Q = (x - 2, y - 2)A \subset A.$$

- (a) Graph $C(\mathbb{R})$.
(b) What is $\dim_{\mathbb{Q}} \mathfrak{m}_P / \mathfrak{m}_P^2$?
(c) What is $\dim_{\mathbb{Q}} \mathfrak{m}_Q / \mathfrak{m}_Q^2$?
3. Let K be a perfect field and let \bar{K} be an algebraic closure of K . Suppose $P \in \mathbb{P}^2(\bar{K})$ is a point such that, for each $\sigma \in \text{Gal}(\bar{K}/K)$, $P^\sigma = P$. Show that $P \in \mathbb{P}^2(K)$. (HINT: *Here are two different ways to do it: dehomogenize, and use a result about affine spaces; or use Hilbert's theorem 90.*)
4. Let E be the elliptic curve with affine equation

$$y^2 = x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c.$$

- (a) *Without using any formulas, describe*

$$\{P \in E(\bar{K}) : 2P = \mathcal{O}\}.$$

(HINT: $2P = \mathcal{O}$ if and only if $P = -P$.)

- (b) Let $P = (x_0, y_0) \in E(K)$, $P \neq \mathcal{O}$. What is the equation for the tangent line to E at P ?
(c) Find an equation for $2P = P + P$. (HINT: *Intersect the tangent line in (a) with E .*)