Homework 1 Due: Friday, August 25

In this and all subsequent assignments, [BC] refers to Complex Variables and Applications, J. Brown and R. Churchill, seventh edition, McGraw-Hill, 2004. More precisely, [BC] 25.3 means problem 3 from Section 25 of Brown and Churchill.

- 1. [BC]2.2, 2.4, 3.1.
- 2. Prove that if $z \neq 1$ and if *n* is a natural number, then

$$1 + z + z^{2} + \dots + z^{n} = \frac{z^{n+1} - 1}{z - 1}.$$

3. Here is one way of deriving Cardano's solution to the depressed cubic

$$x^3 = 3px + 2q. \tag{1}$$

(a) Show that if you can find *s* and *t* simultaneously satisfying

$$st = p$$
 (2)

and

$$s^3 + t^3 = 2q,$$
 (3)

then x = s + t is a solution to (1).

(This reduces the study of Equation (1) to that of Equations (2) and (3).)

- (b) Use Equation 2 to eliminate *t* from Equation 3. Work to obtain a polynomial of degree 6 in *s*. Note that it is also a degree 2 polynomial in s^3 .
- (c) Use the quadratic formula to obtain the two possible values of s^3 . For a given value of s^3 , what must t^3 be?
- (d) Deduce Cardano's solution:

$$x = \sqrt[3]{q + \sqrt{q^2 - p^3}} + \sqrt[3]{q - \sqrt{q^2 - p^3}}.$$

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