## Monday, August 25

- 1. For a natural number  $n \ge 2$ , draw *n* distinct points on a circle; draw a line segment connecting each pair of points; and let R(n) be the resulting number of regions in the disk.
  - (a) Compute R(n) for  $n \in \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$ .
  - (b) Conjecture a formula for R(n) in general.
  - (c) Check your conjecture for n = 6.
- 2. For each natural number n, let

$$M(n) = 2^n - 1.$$

- (a) Compute M(n) for  $n \in \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$ .
- (b) Conjecture a relationship between the primality of n and the primality of M(n):

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If n is prime, then M(n) is _____
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while

If n is not prime, then M(n) is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (c) In the part (b), is it possible for just one of these statements to be true? Explain.
- (d) Prove one of the conjectures from (b).
- 3. The Fibonacci numbers  $F_n$  are defined by

$$F_0 = 0$$
  
 $F_1 = 1$   
 $F_n = F_{n-2} + F_{n-1}$  if  $n \ge 2$ .

- (a) Compute  $F_n$  for  $n \in \{1, 2, \dots, 10\}$ .
- (b) For each natural number *n*, let

$$S_n = \sum_{j=1}^n F_j$$
  
=  $F_1 + F_2 + \dots + F_n$ 

Compute  $S_n$  for  $n \in \{1, 2, \dots, 10\}$ .

(c) Give a conjectural formula for  $S_n$  in terms of the Fibonacci numbers.

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