

Pries: 470 Euclidean and non-Euclidean Geometry

Homework 12: Hyperbolic measurement and isometries

Due Friday April 14

Hyperbolic measurement and isometries:

1. Consider the hyperbolic triangle with sides $x = 0$, $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, and $(x + 1/2)^2 + y^2 = 1$.
 - (i) Find the coordinates of its vertices.
 - (ii) Find the three angles in this triangle.
 - (iii) Find the area of the triangle using an integral.
 - (iv) Check the hyperbolic Descartes formula.
2. Let $\triangle ABC$ have a right angle at C and sides of lengths a, b, c . The hyperbolic Pythagorean theorem says that $\cosh(c) = \cosh(a)\cosh(b)$. Use Taylor series to show that this approximates the Euclidean Pythagorean theorem when a, b, c are very small.
3. Let $P = (0, 1)$ and $Q = (0, 2)$. Let $V(x, y) = (x, y + 1)$ be vertical translation by 1. Show that $hd(P, Q) \neq hd(V(P), V(Q))$ (so V does not preserve hyperbolic distance).
4. Prove that the dilation $D_k(x, y) = (kx, ky)$ preserves the hyperbolic arclength element.
5. Let $I((x, y)) = (x/(x^2 + y^2), y/(x^2 + y^2))$ be inversion in the unit circle. Writing $z = x + iy$, show that $I(z) = 1/\bar{z}$.
6. Let $P = 2 + 4i$ and $Q = 2 + (4/3)i$. Use the isometry $f(z) = (z + 2)/(-z + 2)$ to find $f(P)$ and $f(Q)$. Check that $hd(P, Q) = hd(f(P), f(Q))$.
7. Let a, b, c, d be real numbers. If $f(z) = (az + b)/(cz + d)$ stabilizes the upper half plane, show that $ad - bc > 0$. Hint: look at the imaginary part of $f(i)$.
8. Suppose $f_1(z) = (a_1z + b_1)/(c_1z + d_1)$ and $f_2(z) = (a_2z + b_2)/(c_2z + d_2)$. Find a formula for the composition $f_2(f_1(z))$ and show it is the same as the multiplication of the two corresponding matrices.